GOM DPS of Atlantic Salmon Summary

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Atlantic Salmon Collaborative Management Strategy
Public Meeting
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Recovery Criteria

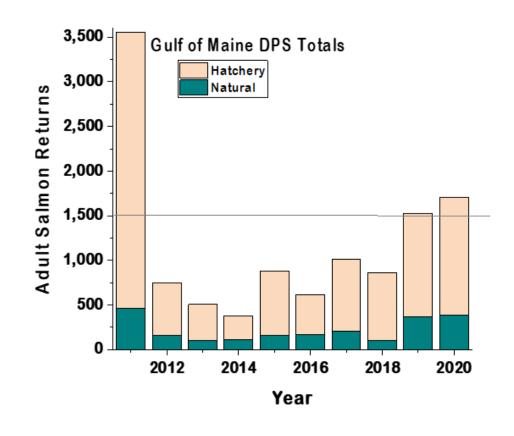
Criteria	Downlisting (2 out of 3)	Delisting (3 out of 3)
Abundance	1,500 naturally reared adults (two of the SHRUs >500)	6,000 wild adults (each SHRU >2,000)
Productivity	Population 10-yr growth rate >1.0 in two of the SHRUs	Population 10-yr growth rate >1.0 in all three SHRUs
Habitat	7,500 units of accessible habitat in two of the SHRUs	30,000 units of accessible habitat in each SHRU



Abundance

SHRU	Total R	Ceturn s	Hate	hery	Wild/naturall	y reared
	2020	10-Year Ave	2020	10-Year Ave	2020	10-Year Ave
Downeast Coastal	194	131	115	63	79	68
Merrymeeting Bay	72	55	11	16	61	39
Penobscot Bay	1439	992	1196	879	243	113
Total	1705	1178	1322	958	383	220

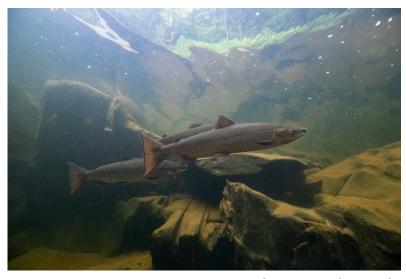
Naturally reared: 22% (2020) versus 19% (10 yr)





Abundance-Reclassification

SHRU	Wild/natural reared returns (average)	% of Downlisting goal	% of Delisting goal
Downeast Coastal	68	13.60%	3.40%
Merrymeeting Bay	39	7.80%	1.95%
Penobscot Bay	113	22.60%	5.70%



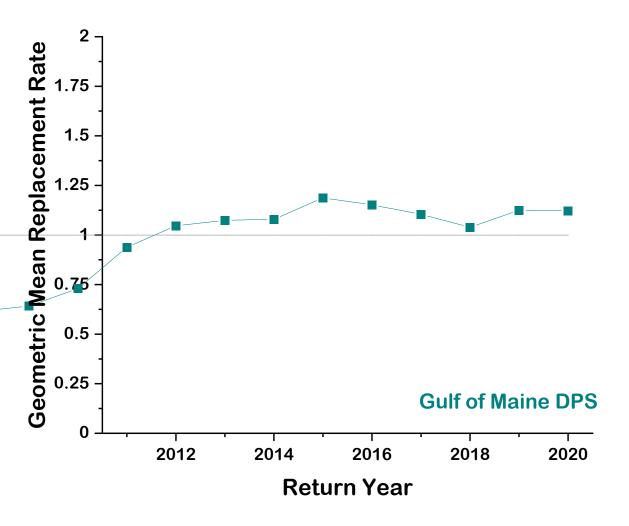
Atlantic salmon in the Sandy River Credit: ASF

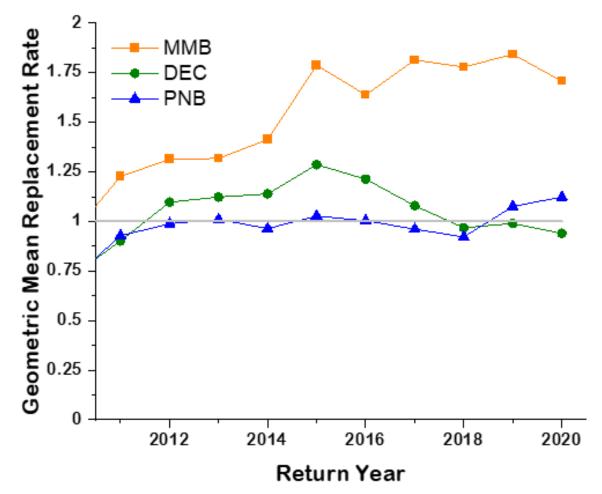


Credit Nick Hawkins



Productivity



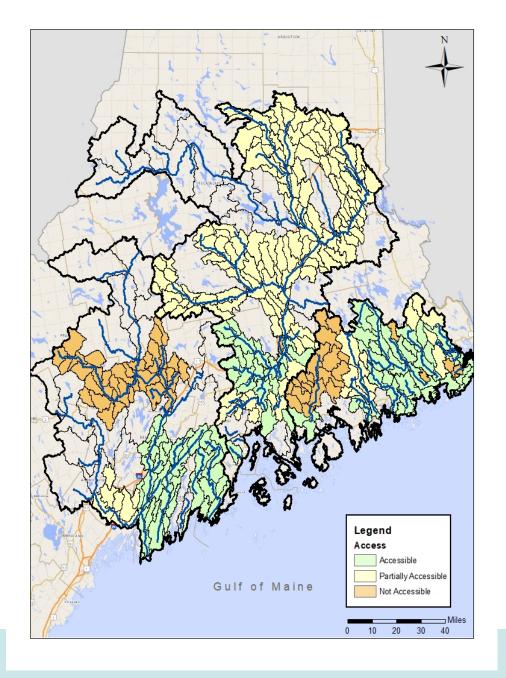




Accessible Habitat

SHRU	Suitable and Accessible Habitat	% of 7,500 units (Downlisting)	% of 30,000 units (Delisting)
Merrymeeting Bay	12,423	166%	41%
Penobscot Bay	18,583	248%	62%
Downeast Coastal	28,594	381%	95%

Habitat Accessibility in the GOM DPS





Summary of Connectivity Projects Based on *draft* SHRU reports

SHRU	Projects Reported	Stream Miles
Merrymeeting Bay	18	18
Penobscot Bay	20	55
Downeast Coastal	4	22
GOM DPS	42	95



Jellison Brook in the Union River watershed Credit: Ben Naumann, NRCS



Productivity Projects

- Habitat Complexity Projects
- Riparian corridor protection
- Thermal Profiles
- Water Quality



Restoration work in the Narraguagus River. Credit: Chris Federico, Project SHARE