

Priority Science Needs for 2015

North Atlantic LCC Steering Committee Meeting

Newport, RI
April 22, 2015



LANDSCAPE CONSERVATION
COOPERATIVES

North Atlantic  Landscape Conservation Cooperative



2015 Science Needs Process

- More than 40 individuals
- 6 U.S. federal agencies, 1 Canadian federal agency, 7 state agencies, 6 NGOs (one based in Canada), and 4 partnerships

[Handout 19]

| | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Atlantic Coast Joint Venture | New Hampshire Fish & Game |
| Atlantic Coastal Fish Habitat Partnership | New York DEC |
| Canadian Wildlife Service | Northeast Regional Ocean Council |
| Connecticut DEEP | NOAA |
| Delaware DFW | The Nature Conservancy |
| Ducks Unlimited | U.S. Army Corps of Engineers |
| Eastern Brook Trout Joint Venture | U.S. EPA |
| Maine DIFW | U.S. FWS |
| National Park Service | USGS |
| National Wildlife Federation | Vermont Fish & Wildlife |
| Nature Conservancy of Canada | Virginia DGIF |
| NatureServe | Wildlife Conservation Society |
| North Atlantic LCC staff | |



2015 Science Needs Process

- **January** - Review and discussion materials posted
- **February-March** – Teleconference calls w. 3 technical subcommittees
- **March 10-11** – Joint meeting of Technical Committee & Science Delivery Committee
- **March 12-18** – Extended voting period for Technical Committee (34 votes rec'd)



2015 Science Needs Process

- **March-April** – Staff work with Technical Committee to refine and clarify narrative descriptions for highest ranked science needs
- **April 22** – Highest rated science needs from the Technical Committee presented to Steering Committee [*Handouts 20 & 21*]

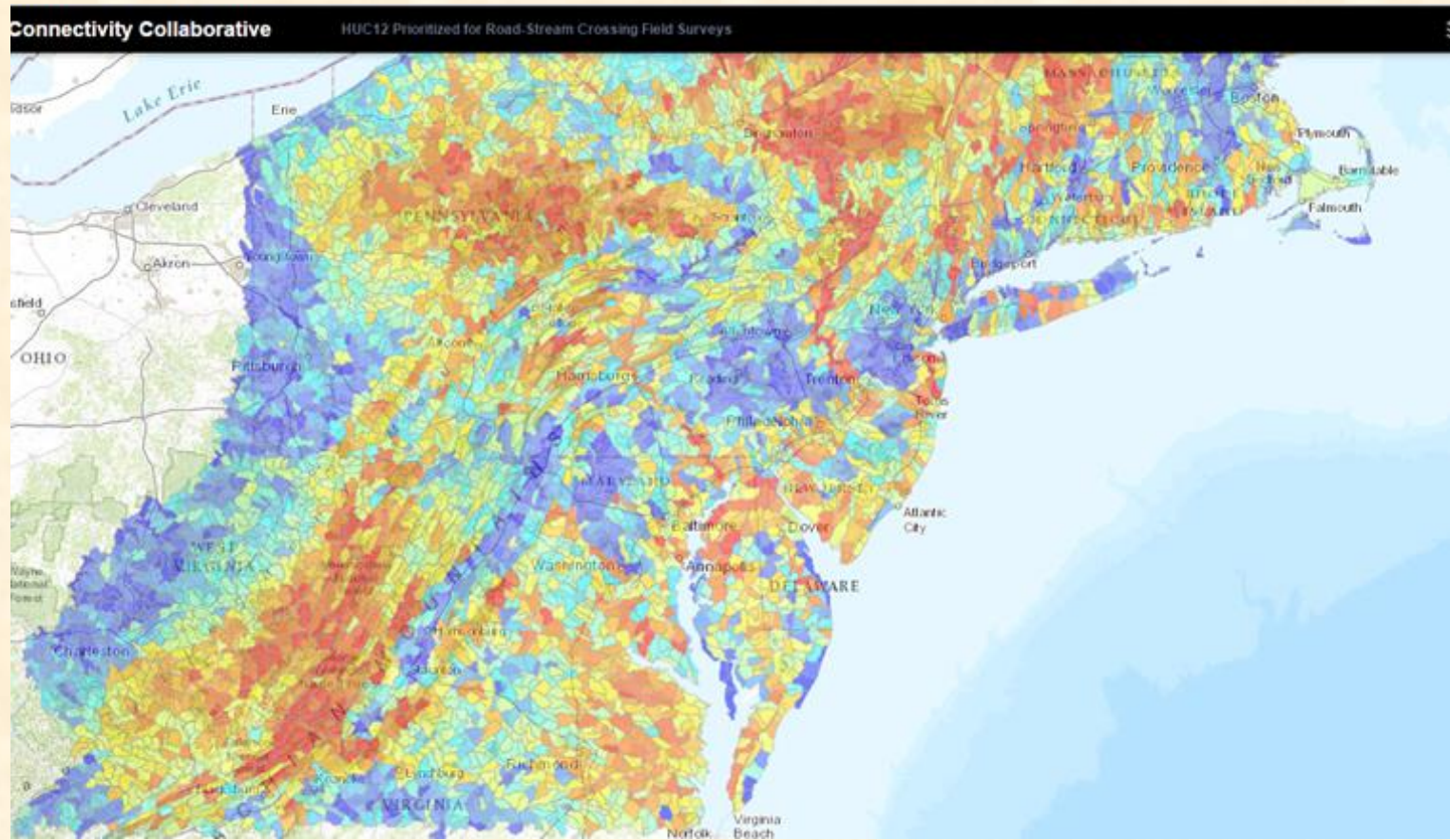


2015 Science Needs

| Rank | Topic | Relevance to Conservation Decisions | Status and Relation to Other Work | Potential Project Type | Approximate LCC Funding Level |
|------|--|--|---|--|-------------------------------|
| 1 | Assessment of connectivity and resiliency of tidally influenced road crossings | Inform where to upgrade, restore, and repair tidal road crossings to benefit aquatic organisms and mitigate flood damage | Complements large LCC aquatic connectivity project for non-tidal road crossings | Refine survey protocols, field surveys, incorporation of data into connectivity prioritization tools | \$100,000 |



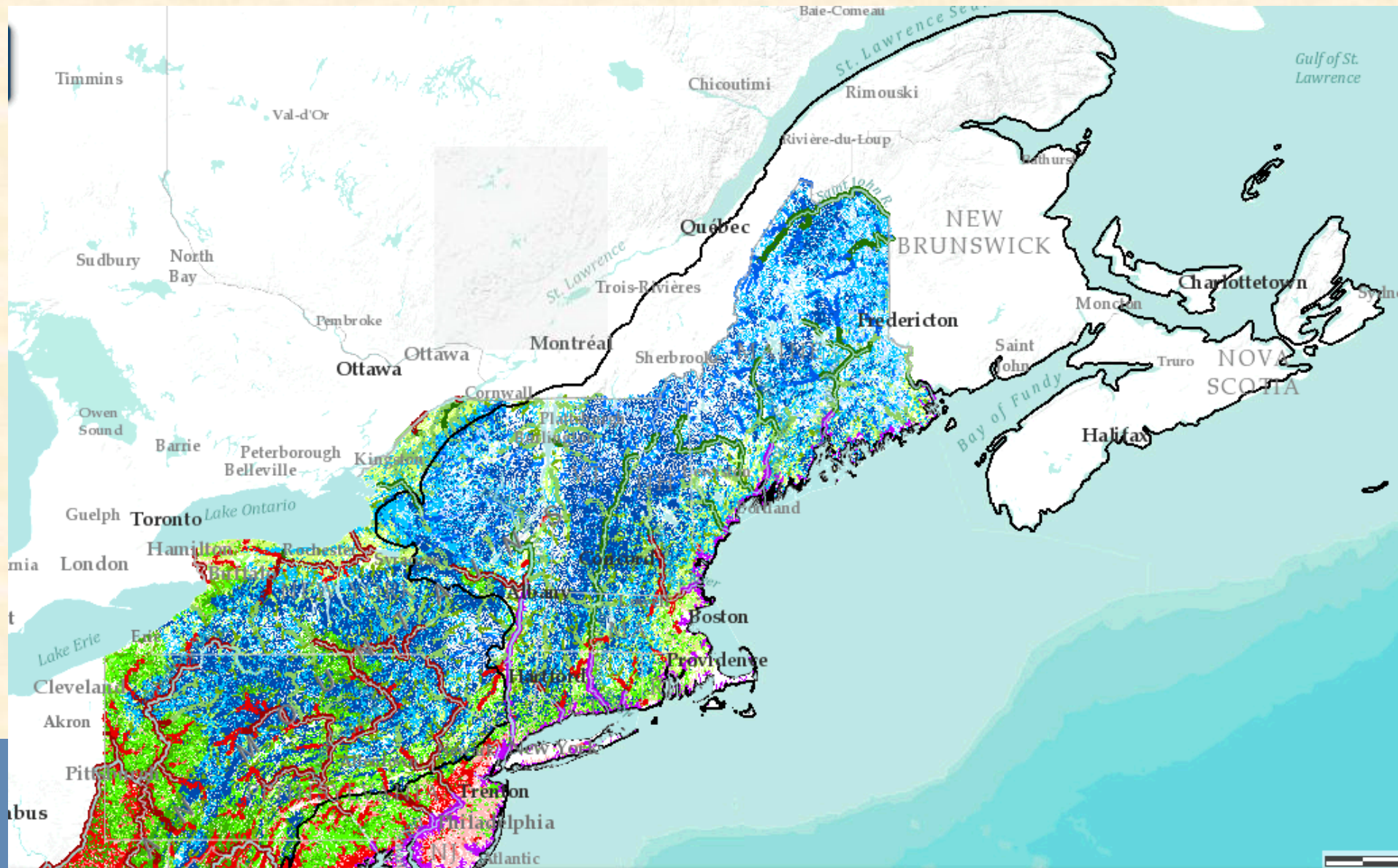
1. Add tidally influenced road crossings to aquatic connectivity project



Red - high priority
for surveys

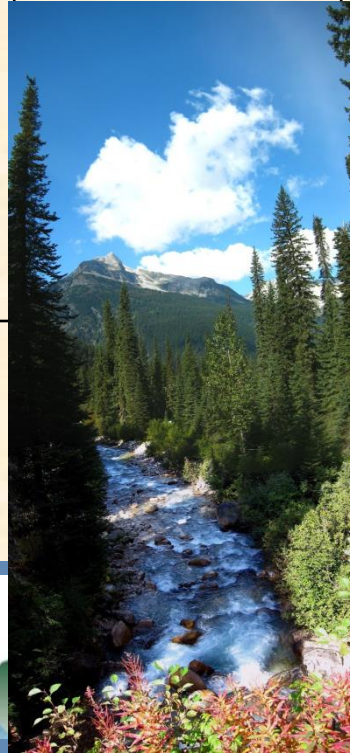
Blue - lower
priority for
surveys

2. Aquatic Classification for Eastern Canada



2015 Science Needs

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|------|---|--|---|--|-------------------------------|
| 2 | Aquatic classification for eastern Canada | Foundation for regional-scale conservation planning and prioritization | Extends U.S. classification for Northeast and Appalachian LCC regions | A consistent, mapped classification of stream and lake features into recognizable categories | \$110,000 |



Canadian Organizations Supporting Aquatic Classification Science Need

(in addition to Nature Conservancy of Canada and Canadian Wildlife Service)

1. The Salamander Foundation, Toronto Ontario (Tentative matching support of \$25,000)
2. Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada
3. World Wildlife Fund Canada (commit technical expertise)
4. Canadian Rivers Institute (commit technical expertise)
5. Wildlife Conservation Society Canada (Two Countries One Forest)
6. Quebec Ministère du Développement durable, de l'Environnement et de la Lutte contre les changements climatiques (commit technical expertise)
7. Nature Trust of New Brunswick
8. Kennebecasis Watershed Restoration Committee, New Brunswick (in kind support offered)
9. U. of Prince Edward Island – Community Environmental Liaison
10. Conseil de l'Eau Gaspésie sud (in kind support offered)
11. Conseil de l'Eau du Nord Gaspésie (in kind support offered)
12. Nashwaak Watershed Association Inc., New Brunswick



2015 Science Needs

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|------|--|---|---|--|-------------------------------|
| 3 | Planning for marsh migration with sea level rise and increased storm surge | Inform efforts to mitigate future tidal wetland loss by identifying potential areas for upslope marsh migration | Builds on marsh resiliency project (Hurricane Sandy) and other LCC work | Field-based surveys near conserved areas; maps of suitable areas for marsh migration | \$115,000† |



2015 Science Needs

| Rank | Topic | Relevance to Conservation Decisions | Status and Relation to Other Work | Potential Project Type | Approximate LCC Funding Level |
|------|---|---|---|---|--|
| 4 | Vulnerability of cultural resources to flooding; consistent floodplain assessment | Begin integrating cultural resources into planning and inform most important floodplains for conservation | Adds cultural resources to current LCC portfolio; complements and refines terrestrial and aquatic mapping | Regional assessment of cultural resource vulnerability to flooding; regional mapping of floodplains | cultural resources: \$25,000 floodplains: \$100,000 |

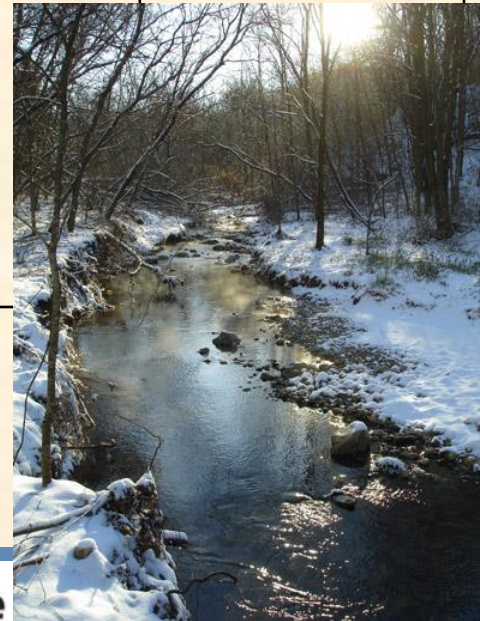


Landscape Conservation C



2015 Science Needs

| Rank | Topic | Relevance to Conservation Decisions | Status and Relation to Other Work | Potential Project Type | Approximate LCC Funding Level |
|------|--|---|---|--|-------------------------------|
| 5 | Evaluation of stream networks for climate resilience | Identify high-priority aquatic areas for long-term resilience | Adds to conservation design planning that incorporates terrestrial resilience | Regional map, spatial dataset and tool for stream resilience | \$100,000 |



2015 Science Needs

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|------|---------------------------|---|---|--|-------------------------------|
| 6 | Rare plant prioritization | Prioritize conservation needs for rare plants | Complements LCC-supported assessment of animal species (SGCN) | Assessment of the conservation status of wild plant species across the Northeast | \$75,000 |



2015 Science Needs

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|------|--|--|--|--|-------------------------------|
| 7 | Impact of sea level rise and storms on Atlantic Flyway migratory shorebird stopover habitats | Project impact of changes in stopover habitat for use in planning and management for beaches and tidal flats | Builds on Piping Plover, beach resiliency, and sea level rise projects | Project future availability of shorebird stopover habitat and impacts to shorebird populations | \$80,000 |



2015 Science Needs Voting

| Topic | Budget | Relative Score | Rank |
|--|--------------|----------------|------|
| Tidal culverts and bridges | \$100,000 | 100 | 1 |
| Aquatic classification - eastern Canada | \$110,000 | 88.0 | 2 |
| Marsh migration | \$115,000 | 87.7 | 3 |
| Consistent floodplain assessment + vulnerable cultural resources | \$100K + 25K | 80.1 | 4 |
| Freshwater resilience | \$100,000 | 65.6 | 5 |
| Rare plant prioritization | \$75,000 | 54.3 | 6 |
| Sea level rise + migratory shorebirds | \$80,000 | 54.0 | 7 |



2015 Science Needs Voting Cont'd

| Topic | Budget | Relative Score | Rank |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------|------|
| Marine Bird Distributions | \$80,000 | 40.3 | 8 |
| Regional Forest Structure and Condition | \$125,000 | 38.5 | 9 |
| Quantifying ecosystem services and benefits | \$100,000 | 38.1 | 10 |
| Stream temperature network | Scalable with level of demand met | 28.0 | 11 |
| Forest block prioritization | Not estimated | 27.2 | 12 |

