



LANDSCAPE  
CONSERVATION  
COOPERATIVES

RCOA WORKSHOP 3 BRIEFING | 2016 NALCC

## Northeast Regional Conservation Opportunity Areas

# Workshop 3 briefing

engagement | science | review process



***“Regional Conservation Opportunity Areas (RCOAs) are...places...where actions to support or enhance populations of RSGCN and / or their habitats are likely to be most effective.”***

**NEFWDTC**

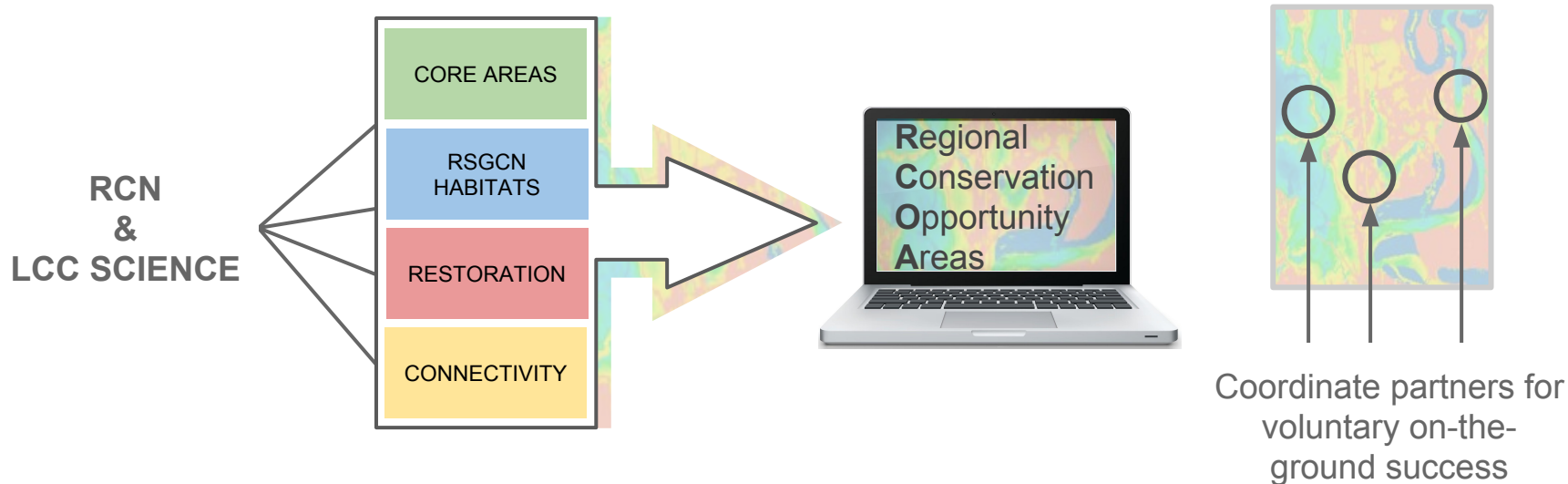
# Overview

Leveraging  
investments

Multi-state  
Collaboration

Relevant  
science

Better  
implementation



# Leveraging investments

## Investing in landscape science and SWAP improvement since 2006

	RCN INVESTMENT	LCC INVESTMENT
CORE AREAS →	RCN habitat maps. TNC resilience	Improved habitat maps (TNC) IEI (UMASS) Natural communities (NATURESERVE)
RSGCN HABITATS →	RCN habitat maps, RSGCN ranking from SWAP synthesis	Expansion of PA SWAP habitat analysis (WESTERN PA CONSERVANCY) Species analysis from SWAP synthesis (NALCC and NATURESERVE)
RESTORATION →	RCN geospatial analysis	SWAP data synthesis on DataBasin Conservation analyst tool (CHESAPEAKE CONSERVANCY)
CONNECTIVITY →	RCN permeability analysis	Improved permeability (TNC) Regional connectivity (UMASS)

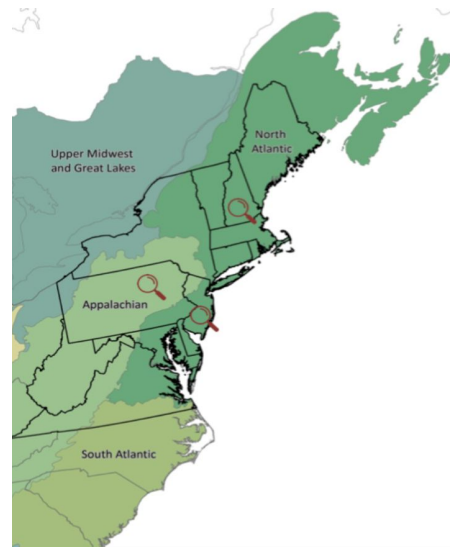
# Leveraging investments

## How states are using regional data . . .

**NEW JERSEY** used the Index of Ecological Integrity and Landscape Complexity in the revision of their SWAP

**PENNSYLVANIA** integrated spatial data from the Northeast Terrestrial Habitat map to create species-habitat associations in the habitat chapter of their SWAP

**NEW HAMPSHIRE** used the Index of Ecological Integrity to help map the highest condition habitat for their SWAP



# Collaboration

Governance integrates NEFWDTC + NALCC partners

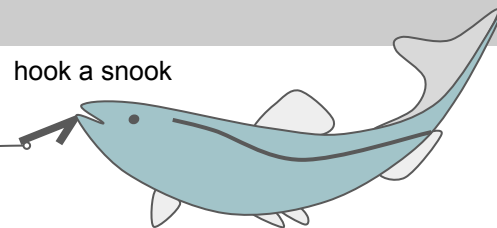
- Rosenblatt + Fuller coordinate
- SWAP species (RSGCN) & habitats are the focus
- States + NALCC designated technical staff to RCOA team
- **13 states** have participated
- **10 states** are consistently engaged



# Collaboration

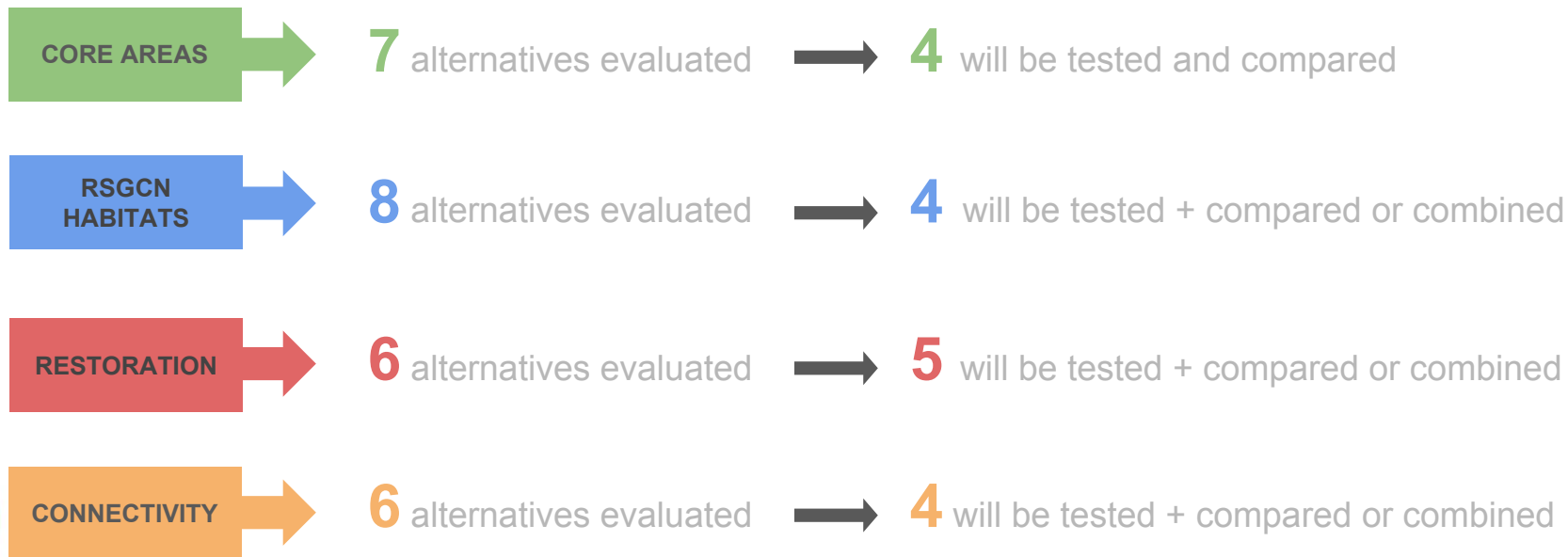
Help us engage the right staff . . .

- State aquatic staff are engaged •
- **NEHTC** is needed to assist with restoration and management
- **EPA** is needed for watershed analysis
- **GIS** and **SWAP** staff need to continue (or re-engage)



# Relevant science

Many alternatives were evaluated...**those preferred by partners will be tested**





# Relevance to states

On the ground benefits: protecting and restoring RSGCN

CORE AREAS



RSGCN  
HABITATS



**Maps will show best opportunities to protect RSGCN habitat**  
*RSGCN maps under development by Western PA Conservancy.  
The RCOA team is refining the approach used in the PA SWAP.*

RESTORATION



**Tool will help target best opportunities to restore or manage key habitats for RSGCN and early successional wildlife**

CONNECTIVITY



# Version 1.0

version 2.0  
will be even  
better !

## What the team will produce for July 2016...

### CORE AREAS

Ecosystem core areas

Ecosystem core areas  
including representative  
species (species TBD with  
NEFWDTIC input)

Aquatic core areas *using  
integrity of ecological systems and  
stratified by HUC6s with regional  
override*

Resilient stream networks  
overlay

### RSGCN HABITATS

Single species focus areas  
*including New England cottontail,  
wood turtle and Blanding's turtle  
(species TBD with NEFWDTIC input)*

RSGCN habitat opportunity  
areas *(ecological systems and best  
lakes/ponds) based on weighted IEI &  
resilience, and using UMass  
algorithm*

### RESTORATION

Early successional habitat  
management *comprised of young  
forest, american woodcock, grassy  
shrub lands, working lands for wildlife  
including golden winged warbler, New  
England cottontail and bog turtle*

Threatened ecological  
systems *comprised of pine barrens,  
oak savannas and salt marshes*

Agricultural lands *comprised of  
fields restored to forest and fields  
restored to wetlands*

In-stream connectivity  
*comprised of dam removal and  
culvert enhancement*

### CONNECTIVITY

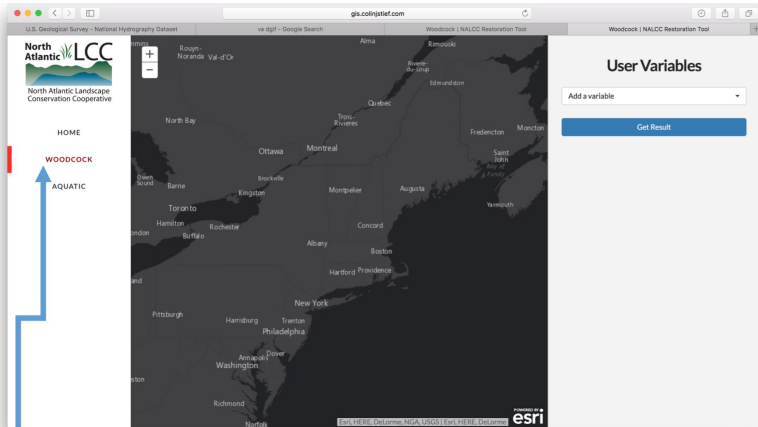
Permeability *with wall-to-wall grid  
and flow areas for concentrated,  
diffuse and regional scale*

Core connectors

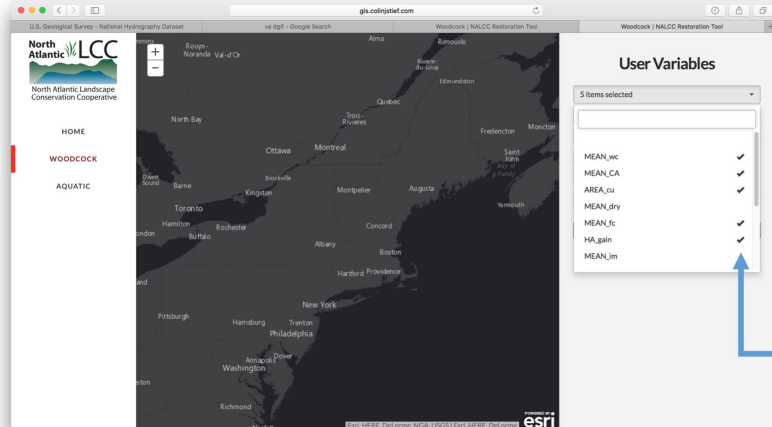
Salt marsh migration zones

# Better implementation

On the ground benefits: customize priorities for specific projects



1. Select Woodcock to invisibly load woodcock data

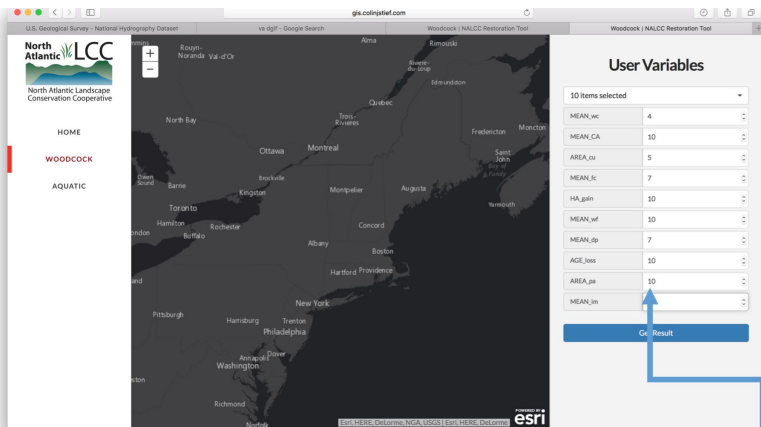


2. Select woodcock variables from list that has loaded

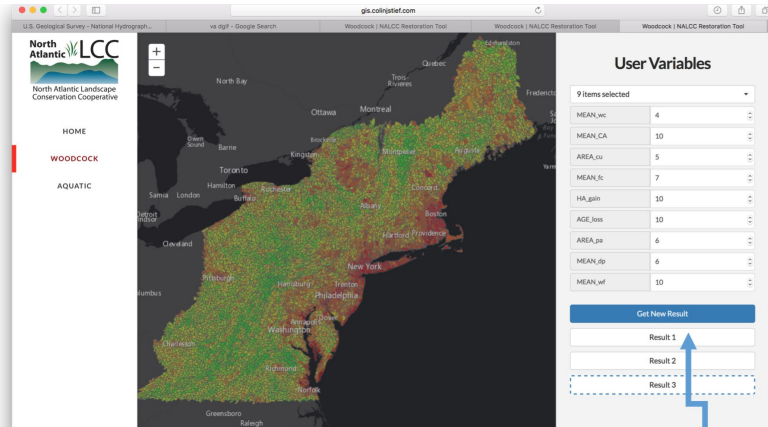
*Woodcock are only one example among many applications.  
VA-DGIF is developing scenarios relevant to SWAPs and land management.*

# Better implementation

On the ground benefits: efficient use of resources



3. Add variable weights to investigate your objectives



4. Get results to review compare and download

*The restoration tool is under development by Chesapeake Conservancy. Many initiatives are using this approach, and the tool will integrate them.*

# Review process

Draft release of version 1.0 ready for NEAFWA committees this July

